



Florida Agriculture
in the Classroom, Inc.
AGRICULTURE KEEPS
FLORIDA GREEN

Giant African Land Snail

Science, Social Studies and English Language Arts

Florida State Standards

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| SC.7.L.17.2 | Compare and contrast the relationships among organisms such as mutualism, predation, parasitism, competition, and commensalism. | SS.8.G.5.2 | Describe the impact of human modifications on the physical environment and ecosystems of the United States throughout history. |
| SC.7.L.17.3 | Describe and investigate various limiting factors in the local ecosystem and their impact on native populations, including food, shelter, water, space, disease, parasitism, predation, and nesting sites. | SS.912.G.5.4 | Analyze case studies of how humans impact the diversity and productivity of ecosystems. |
| SC.912.L.17.20 | Predict the impact of individuals on environmental systems and examine how human lifestyles affect sustainability. | SS.912.G.6.1 | Use appropriate maps and other graphic representations to analyze geographic problems and changes over time. |
| SC.912.L.17.5 | Analyze how population size is determined by births, deaths, immigration, emigration, and limiting factors (biotic and abiotic) that determine carrying capacity. | | |
| SC.912.L.17.6 | Compare and contrast the relationships among organisms, including predation, parasitism, competition, commensalism, and mutualism. | | |
| SC.912.L.17.7 | Characterize the biotic and abiotic components that define freshwater systems, marine systems and terrestrial systems. | | |
| SC.912.L.17.8 | Recognize the consequences of the losses of biodiversity due to catastrophic events, climate changes, human activity, and the introduction of invasive, non-native species. | | |

Next Generation Science Standards:

LAFS.7.RI.1.1 LAFS.8.RI.1.1 LAFS.910.RI.1.1 LAFS.1112.RI.1.1	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	MS-LS2-1	Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence for the effects of resource availability on organisms and populations of organisms in an ecosystem.
LAFS.7.RI.1.3 LAFS.8.RI.1.3 LAFS.910.RI.1.3 LAFS.1112.RI.1.3	Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.	MS-LS2-2	Construct an explanation that predicts patterns of interaction among organisms across multiple ecosystems.
LAFS.7.W.3.7 LAFS.8.W.3.7 LAFS.910.W.3.7 LAFS.1112.W.3.7	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	HS-LS2-2	Use mathematical representations to support and revise explanations based on evidence about factors affecting biodiversity and populations in ecosystems of different scales.
LAFS.7.W.3.8 LAFS.8.W.3.8 LAFS.910.W.3.8 LAFS.1112.W.3.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	HS-LS2-6	Evaluate claims, evidence, and reasoning that the complex interactions in ecosystems maintain relatively consistent numbers and types of organisms in stable conditions, but changing conditions may result in a new ecosystem.
LAFS.7.SL.1.1 LAFS.8.SL.1.1 LAFS.910.SL.1.1 LAFS.1112.SL.1.1	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	HS-LS2-7	Design, evaluate, and refine a solution for reducing the impacts of humans on the environment and biodiversity.